Social Emotional Learning Differences

Challenges that Impact Our Engagement

Supporting Individuals with Social Emotional Learning Differences

Effective social/emotional (SE) skills contribute to quality of life and are critical to being a good student, citizen and worker. During this workshop, participants will learn about SE development, and how to translate knowledge into skills to support students with SEL differences. Additionally, participants will learn about how to support each other in making decisions with the students' best interests in mind.

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Ground Rules

We will ...

- Keep the best interest of the child in mind, from various perspectives
- 2. Be active listeners -- engaging in the content
- 3. Respectfully state ideas, comments, questions
- 4. Be conscious of body language and nonverbal responses -- they can be as disrespectful as words
- Refrain from personal examples by keeping comments/ questions broad for all to benefit from the discussion

Together we can learn from each other!

Purpose

To provide information about ...

- How individuals develop socially and emotionally in layman's terms
 - o Behavior is Communication
 - how we can understand it
 - why we do what we do
- How we apply our knowledge into skills and actions
 - o Interpersonal Supports (relationships)
 - o Learning Supports (environmental materials)
- How do individuals manage their emotions, set goals and share

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Our Goal

The goal is not to agree rather to gain an understanding of social emotional learning differences and how we can support each other.



Social connections provide fuel for the brain to grow A A A A





Challenges that Impact Engagement

Neurodevelopmental difference that may impact a person's socially and/or emotionally.

<u>Predicting</u> that others are a **source of assistance**

Predicting that others are a source of engagement or pleasure

Predicting the sequence of activities

Predicting the steps within each activity

Predicting what to say

Predicting how to engage in activities

Predicting how to regulate emotions in a manner sensitive to others

Predicting the purpose of academic and social activities

Communication

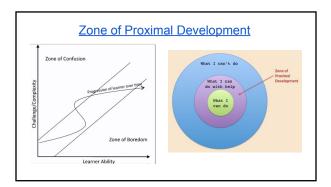
Joint Attention

- monitor attentional focus of a social partner
- · initiate bids for interactions
- comment on actions or events
- provides information about immediate, past, or future events

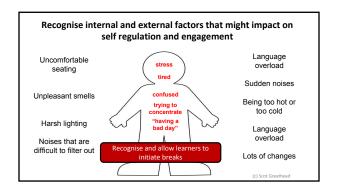
Symbol Use

- uses conventional gestures (giving, pointing)
- use a variety of relational words (actions, modifiers)
- use appropriate volume and intonation for the context
- use a variety of word combinations

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Regulation Critical Capacities in Typical Development Self-Regulation Mutual-Regulation The ability to solicit and accept assistance from others in regulation one's arousal. The ability to independently obtain an optimal level of arousal (by oneself).



Regulation Goals

Self-Regulation

- · Demonstrate availability for learning and interacting
- Use strategies appropriate to developmental level to regulate arousal during familiar activities
- Regulation emotion during new and changing situations
- Recover from extreme dysregulation by self



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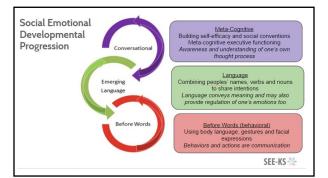
Regulation Goals

Mutual Regulation



- Expresses range of emotions
- Responds to assistance offer by others
- Responds to feedback and guidance regarding behavior
- Requests others' assistance to regulate emotional state
- Recovers from extreme dysregulation with support from partners

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Interpersonal Support Goals

- · Respond to a student's signals to foster a sense of competence
- Provide a balance between initiated and respondent turns
- · Provides information to support emotional regulation
- Provide guidance for success with peers
- Adjusts complexity of language models to child's developmental stage

Learning Support Goals

- · Incorporates student's preferred learning modalities
- · Infuses motivating materials & topics into activity
- Creates turn-taking opportunities and leaves space for child to fill in
- · Provide visuals to enhance receptive understanding,
 - to define clear beginning and end to activity
 - to define steps within a task
 - to support social understanding and expectations
- Uses support to organize segments of time across the day, to enhance attention in group activities, to foster active involvement in group activities

Reference

Meet Alex

Alex is a student in his neighborhood school. He likes to socialize, share stories about his fish and watch National Geographic movies. He has three siblings at home, his favorite color is blue and his favorite food is pizza with extra cheese. Alex has a social emotional learning difference.

Alex's parents are receiving communication from the school about their son's off task behaviors.

Alex's teachers are somewhat frustrated with him because he inaccurately reports information about situations and requires a lot of direct adult attention.



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Present Level - The classroom team took data for five consecutive days in one of Alex's classes and determined that on average, Alex raise his hand 30+ times in a 30 minute class period to interrupt and comment about some

Alex, his parents, teachers, and therapists met and chose the following annual goals as a priority for the year.

| Given the visual model of a task and no more than 1 verbal reminder to sustain effort on a task, Alex will engage productively by using self regulation strategies to complete tasks within the allotted time by with 80% accuracy or better on 4/5 tasks given. |
|--|
| Data:min/ min allotted, |
| Given direct reading instruction, Alex will develop literacy skills by accurately reading, retelling, and writing a 3-sentence story in a sequential order containing basic story elements (i.e. character, setting, problem-solution) to attain an independent reading level H. |
| Data: #3) reading Y N, retelling Y N writing Y N # of sentences: 1 2 3, sequential order Y N |

Learning Support Goals

Thinking about Alex, let's ask ourselves

How are we ...

- Incorporating his preferred learning modalities
- Infusing motivating materials & topics into activity
- Providing visuals to enhance understanding to support social understanding and expectations

Interpersonal Support Goals

Thinking about Alex, let's ask ourselves

How are we ...

- Responding to his signals to foster a sense of competence
- · Providing information to support emotional regulation
- Providing guidance for success with peers
- Adjusting complexity of language models to child's developmental stage

| Activity To | isk | | ducations | ol Goals | | | Writers | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Exp. | Problem/ Solution | Read Retel | 4 Sustain effort | 5 Securing | LEARNING SUPPORT | Wkshop Group | х | | | х | |
| | Com | SOLUGI | Writing | enore | maintain Conversati | *Provide clarity of assignments & | Data: #1) irregular past te | ense ver | bs (+/-) | | | % accuracy |
| Arrival | | х | | | | expectations - visual model of | #4) Name: min/ mir | allotted | Remind | ers: 0 1 | +1 | _% accuracy |
| | | | | | | completed activity/assignment | Specials | | | | | х |
| Data: #2 (tally inapprop | riate repo | rts) | | | | to complement | Data: #5) secure attentio | 0. V I | | # convers | tional tun | ns: 1 2 3 |
| Reading | | | X | Х | | explanations. | | _ | | _ | _ | 10. 1 2 3 |
| Data: #3) Takes part in | Instructi | ional Paadi | nn: Y h | | | | Writing Independent wk. | Х | | Х | Х | |
| Able to Rete | | | YN | | | INTERPERSONAL SUPPORT | Data: #1) Irregular past te | | | | | % accuracy |
| | | C | | | | Provide information | | ense ver | DS (*)-) | | | 16 accuracy |
| Was he Writing: | | Y N | Independe | ently / With | support | to support | Data: #3) Reading: Y | M | Retelling: | V N | Writing | V N |
| # of sentences wi | itten: | 1 2 | 3 more | than 3 | | emotional | Sequential ord | | | | | |
| Written in Sequer | itial order | YN | | | | regulation -selection of books | ************* | | | | | |
| Independent Rea | idina | | | | | text, writing topics | Takes part in Contr Able to Retell what | | | N | | |
| #4) Name of Boo | k | | | | | shall be specific to | Was he Writing: Y | N | # of se | ntences wi | itten: 1 | 2 3+ |
| | mir | ns. read / | mir | allotted | | his personal | Written in Sequenti | ial order | YN | | | |
| # of Reminders to | | | | | | interests i.e. bugs, | Content Area Rea | dina | | | | |
| + or Reminders to | sustain e | more 0 1 | *1 | % | accuracy | fish, national | #4) Book: | | - | mins read | / | min allotted |
| AM Recess | | × | | | | geographics, etc. | # of Reminders to : | sustain e | ffort 0 1 | +1 | 96 | accuracy |

Examples of LEARNING SUPPORTS

Thank you to all the parents, educators and students for creating these powerful supports so all students can be meaningfully engaged within their learning.

#bebrave #bethedifference

Visual Support: Expression Key Rings





Educator Developed, Unknown

| Emotional | Rating | Looks/Sounds Like | Feels like | I can try to |
|---|--------|---|--|--|
| Expression: | | Pounding on windows, doors, and walls Blurting out in a loud, angry voice | Can't control anger Can't control frustration | Use strategies in a safe location Take deep breaths Count Look at Maps Look at pictures of elevators |
| Connecting to High Interests of OTIS | 4 | Blurting out and jumping up to open windows and doors. Unable to listen/hear staff re-direction | Can't control anger Can't control frustration | Go to a safe location Take deep breaths Count Look at Maps Look at pictures of elevators |
| elevators | 3 | Bouncing on the exercise ball really high Continuously rubbing hands together faster Blurting out Standing up pacing the room | I feel miserable I am frustrated | Take deep breaths Take a break Walk to the fitness center Look at Visitors Guide Go in the hallway |
| | 2 | Being rambunctious, Tapping my sandal, Rubbing my hands together, Baginning to laugh in a higher voice | I am anxious I am nervous Changes are happening | Take a deep breath Look at Visitors Guide Look at People Game Doodle on paper Bounce lightly on a ball Look at Bomber Pride Code in binder Check schedule |
| | ★1 | Quiet Working - on task Following Agendas Voice sounds friendly On subject | I am happy I am calm I feel comfortable | Use Visitor Guide tools Look at Exit Sign Agendas & Miles Think about staying on the Interstate Make comments on subject Complete assignments |

Sensory Modulation and Communication Tool

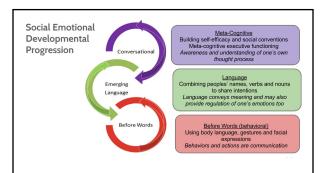
PURPOSE: To visually show student(s) what they can do when they need/want to take a break from the task/activity and provide a visual prompt for student to request a break to staff.



HOW TO USE:

- Place break choice on wall or student desk
 Student can take off break choice options and place them on the sentence prompt
- Student will give break choice options card to staff
- Staff will point to the words Red, Green,
 Yellow and support student reading words
 aloud to request a break.

VIDEO LINK for How To Use



| Social Emotional Stage | What does it look like? | Describe interpersonal or learning supports |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| Conversational (Metacognitive) awareness and understanding of one's own thought process | | |
| Emerging Language method of communication, either spoken or written, consisting of words (symbols) use to convey a message. | | |
| Before Words the way in which one acts or conducts oneself | | |

| Social Emotional Stage | What does it look like? | Describe interpersonal or learning supports |
|---|---|---|
| Conversational (Metacognitive) awareness and understanding of one's own thought process | listen to princess when Student dis Continue to use | esting into all learning opportunities (example: music while working/on-task, turn off music sengages) videos/social stories vide behavior specific praise independence |
| Emerging Language method of communication, either spoken or written, consisting of words (symbols) use to convey a message. | (similar to what is Continue to com comment about Asking open inte | s used with peers) ment on actions, events, situations and others actions, events, situations. rest questions to gain more perspective abou is she is as a person |
| Before Words the way in which one acts or conducts oneself | Continue to use visuals, stories, or continue to use visuals, and or | and reference learning supports such as |

| Social Emotional Stage | What does it look like? | Describe interpersonal or learning supports |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| Conversational (Metacognitive) awareness and understanding of one's own thought process | listen to princess r | sting into all learning opportunities (example unusic while working/on-task, turn off music |
| Emerging Language method of communication, either spoken or written, consisting of words (symbols) use to convey a message. | (similar to what is • Commenting | ial stories de behavior specific praise independence |
| Before Words the way in which one acts or | known Use of and referen | nce to visual schedules/supports |

| Student: | | |
|---|--|--|
| Social Emotional Stage | What does it look like? | Describe interpersonal or learning supports |
| Conversational (Metacognitive) awareness and understanding of one's own thought process | | |
| Emerging Language method of communication, either spoken or written, consisting of words (symbols) use to conney a message. Before Words the way in which one acts or conducts oneself | Offer physic Put on musi Model appro | ent to move about as needed cal options visually (her favorite things) ic, favorite song or calming music oppriate behavior with actions (no words) quids (water bottle) & snack items |

| n the student | | | Y | N |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|---|
| Predict that others ar | e a source of assistance | | | |
| Predict that others ar | e a source of engagement or ple | easure | | |
| Predict the sequence | of activities/tasks | | | |
| Predict the steps wit | hin each activity/task | | | |
| Predict what to say | | | | |
| Predict how to enga | ge in the activity/task | | | |
| Predict how to regul | ate emotions in a manner sensitive | e to others | | |
| Predict the purpose | of academic and social activities/ta | asks | | |
| Date: | Time/Class: | Initials: | | |

A Social Emotional Learning Difference is a Neurological Difference that Impacts One's Ability to Predict the Intentions of Others...

Be THE Difference



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